The following is a summary of the overall types of spaces found at PCC's campuses and centers and the recognized hazards associated with each:

The following spaces may be entered by trained PCC employees or by qualified.

These include:

- **Vaults** containing backflow (double check) valves, water shut off valves, fire protection system valves, electrical equipment, and telephone equipment.
- Manholes sewage and storm manhole access.
- Utility tunnels in basements.
- Pits containing equipment, condensate drains, and other exhaust releases.
- HVAC Units and Ductwork these commonly would be defined as confined spaces but they would be non-permit
 in character because there is no potential for oxygen deficiency under normal work entrance. There could be
 problems if specialized welding or chemical applications are made to the interior of spaces.
- **Cooling Towers** these units are confined spaces but generally are non-permit confined spaces because they have outside air flow into the units and would not have a hazardous atmosphere. However, if welding is performed or other types of chemical related activities occur, such as painting, the space would become a permit required confined spaces.

While cooling tower entry may be non-permit under normal conditions there can be problems of heat stress or other work conditions where the space classification would need to be changed to a permit. There are also additional significant hazards when working on or in cooling towers including proper control of hazardous energy by lockout; fall.

Campus Utilities Systems including Water and Irrigation-Water Vaults, Electrical/Telephone Vaults, and Sewer				
TYPE OF SPACE AND	ACCESS/EGRESS	DESIGNED FOR	REASON FOR	PERMIT
CLASSIFICATION		OCCUPANCY	ENTRY AND SIZE	HAZARDS ¹
Domestic and Fire	Types Of Access Includes:		At least annual	Oxygen deficiency and
Water	Metal hatch doors or round	NO	testing of the	toxic gas hazards in the
Intake vaults with valves	covers, many of the space are		backflow preventer	space
and backflow preventer,	8' deep with water valves and		and possible control	2. Falling or slipping
these are on every	backflow preventer.		of water to the	3. High pressure water lines
campus and center with			campus	 physical pressure and
some in vaults, some				drowning
inside buildings,				-
occupied basements, or				
ground floor spaces.				
PERMIT/ALTERNATE				
Communication	These vary with square hatch		Routine	Low voltage electrical
Systems Vaults:	or round manhole openings.	NO	Maintenance	systems
Telephone/Internet	Some of the vaults are about			Oxygen deficiency
Equipment Vaults	6' to 8' deep with others less			3. Falls
	than 4' to 2' which makes the			
PERMIT/ALTERNATE	space too small to enter.			
Electrical Equipment	These vary with type of hatch		Routine	1. Electrical hazards
Vaults	or circular manhole openings.	NO	Maintenance;	2. Oxygen deficiency
	The vaults vary in depths from		Repairs to systems	3. Falls
PERMIT REQUIRED	12', 8' to shallow spaces for			
(under Electrical	conduit.			
Standards)				

¹ Hazardous Atmosphere, Engulfment, Trapping Configuration, Other recognized hazards

TYPE OF SPACE AND CLASSIFICATION	ACCESS/EGRESS	DESIGNED FOR OCCUPANCY	REASON FOR ENTRY AND SIZE	PERMIT HAZARDS ¹
Manholes to pipe systems for SEWER INCLUDING SEWER LIFT STATIONS AND STORM WATER PERMIT REQUIRED	STANDARD manhole covers throughout campus. Generally there is no plan for PCC staff to enter sewers – contracted activity.	NO	System repairs, inspection, flow testing – all by outside contractors.	Oxygen deficiency and toxic gas hazards in the space. Sewer/water flow – engulfment. Pathogenic microorganism contact – infectious diseases. Possible physical hazards from falling or slipping.
SYLVANIA ONLY: Tunnel system that runs the length of the campus under the buildings providing runs for water, sewer, utility services including electrical, phone, internet, HVAC hot water, HVAC units NON-PERMIT REQUIRD	There are various entrances throughout the system, which include personnel stairs, ground floor personnel doors, and there are some hatches within building structures that lead to the underground tunnels. Hatch entrances to the tunnel in: LRC and PAC	NO Some areas of shops and the tunnels were designed for access to various utility systems for routine maintenance and inspection.	Routine maintenance and inspection of the utility systems.	 Most of the system is part of supply ventilation air so not an air quality issue. Steam Much of the tunnels are like walking in a basement but there are horizontal chase runs that become narrow with low overhead. Communication systems do not work throughout the tunnels for emergency notification.
Plumbing and Pipe Chases in various buildings. These are open to the top of the interior roof area. NON-PERMIT REQUIRED	Generally not entered, but there are various openings especially in bathrooms that have valves, to access; generally require removal of walls.	NO	Special maintenance repair related to the plumbing system for water or sewage.	As long as they are dry and absent of welding or chemical usage these are open to atmosphere safes so no air quality issue. Access may result in fall protection hazard.

TYPE OF SPACE AND CLASSIFICATION	ACCESS/EGRESS	DESIGNED FOR OCCUPANCY	REASON FOR ENTRY AND SIZE	PERMIT HAZARDS ¹
OIL WATER SEPARATORS (outside vault locations) PERMIT REQUIRED	Access through hatch doors or manhole covers, work would be done by a contractor.	NO	Most work is done with contractor vactor truck services but may need repairs.	 Oxygen deficiency and toxic gas hazards in the space. Stormwater engulfment. Pathogenic microorganism contact from soil debris. Possible physical hazards from falling or slipping.
Cooling Towers	Side door/hatchways and possible entry from the top.	NO	Cleaning and repairs to interior equipment	Bacteria contact; potential Legionnaires bacteria. Water tank.
PERMIT REQUIRED Until all hazards controlled,				 3. Physical hazards including sloping sides, fall from top, large mechanical fan blades, electricity. 4. Welding repairs: toxic metal exposures (permit only
NON-PERMIT				procedure). 5. Heat stress in summer.
HVAC Air Supply Return Plenums and Fan Housings. NON-PERMIT REQUIRED if proper lockout is followed and no fall hazards.	Partially personnel door size openings that give access generally to the filters and cooling coils for maintenance. Fan housings have hatch to door openings (most lockout)	YES for maintenance, NO for continuous occupancy.	Routine filter and plenum cleaning, repairs and servicing motors and valves and lines.	 Physical hazards from fans, electrical systems require proper lockout. May have small openings, tight space.

TYPE OF SPACE AND CLASSIFICATION	ACCESS/EGRESS	DESIGNED FOR OCCUPANCY	REASON FOR ENTRY AND SIZE	PERMIT HAZARDS ¹
BOILERS	Bolted down fire box/tubes	NO	Opening is only done	1. Thermal burns
Older Style Boilers	entry, which requires lockout	Requires	by qualified boiler	steam/hot water.
,	and removal prior to opening.	significant	technicians and/or	2. Fire hazard from natural
	Back side to fire	preparation for	outside boiler	gas.
		taking boiler off	contractors. Entry is	3. Potential oxygen
		line, cool down,	only done for	deficiency initially in the
		lockout of natural	pressure vessel	boiler tube but
		gas, water lines	inspections or	eliminated by opening
		and electrical in	specialty repairs	both ends and using
		preparation for		ventilation fan.
		opening the		Physical hazards from
PERMIT REQUIRED		vessel		water pressure and
if can be entered				electrical systems
				require proper lockout.
Boiler Systems	Access through a bolted	NO	Inspection may be	1. Thermal burns from hot
Expansion Hot Water	bottom round plate. Lockout	Not designed for	done from outside,	water – need cool
Pressure Tank.	and draining the tank.	occupancy at all	after proper lockout	down and proper
		and in general no	procedures to stop	lockout and draining.
		interior	water flow.	2. Oxygen deficiency.
PERMIT REQUIRED		maintenance.		3. Proper ladder set up for observation and/or
if can be entered		Specialized		
ii can be entered		repairs only		entry through a bottom
TANKS, PRIMARILY	Bolted down manhole covers	NO	Small covers are	hatch. 1. Oxygen deficiency and
FUEL TANKS	and small fill hatches.	The hatches	removed by fuel	toxic gas hazards in the
Access manual holes	and Small IIII Hatories.	allow access to	delivery personnel.	space;
and small access ports		the underground	donvery personner.	2. Extreme fire hazard;
for filling the gasoline		tanks.		3. Possible physical
and diesel fuel		ico.		hazards from falling or
dispensing system.				slipping.
PERMIT REQUIRED				1.19.

The types of job tasks that may, or may not, have potential for confined space entry include:

- **Building Maintenance**: Primarily perform structural repairs that would not generally involve any confined space entry.
- **Construction**: Primary confined space involvement would be as Project Managers for jobs that may require contractor confined space entry.
- Electricians: Work in electrical vaults or tunnels with wiring or electrical installations could involve confined space entry.
- **HVAC**: Do enter HVAC plenums, attics, crawl spaces, and cooling towers but these installations are generally non-permit confined spaces unless otherwise noted in the confined space listing.
- **Plumbing**: May perform the most frequent confined space entry involving building pump systems for sewage and storm water or drinking water, and for inspection of back flow preventers in vaults.
- **IT/Telephone/Cabling**: May enter potential confined spaces such as vaults, manholes, tunnels, attics, and crawls spaces to install or repair various cable systems.